

Cake-able diffusion

: Cake, not Fake

Spring 2025 Generative AI

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Generative AI

ANT5010/AATG010

Autoregressive Models

Haedong Jeong



Some materials from lectures by Prof. Volodymyr Kuleshov from Cornell University and Prof. Seungchul Lee from KAIST

NADE: Neural Autoregressive Density Estimation

- This yields a model called Neural Autoregressive Density Estimation (NADE)



- Samples on the left (binarized MNIST)
- Conditional probabilities $\hat{x}_i$ on the right (probability for each pixel)

Summary

- Autoregressive model

$$p_{\theta}(x) = \prod_{i=1}^d p_{\theta}(x_i | x_{1:i-1})$$

- Train a network by using cross entropy loss like classification task
- Tokenization is key components to represent the autoregressive model
 - Any modality (text or Image or ...) can be quantized → tokens
- Causal Masked Neural Models
 - E.g., Transformer with causal mask
 - Generation is still slow but generation flow is resonable

프로젝트 배경

재밋는 Classification Task?

프로젝트 배경



Chihuahua or muffin?

프로젝트 배경

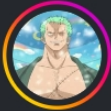


첨부한 이미지의 각 격자에 뭐가 있는지 출력해줘. 보기 좋게 똑같이 4*4로 한글 영어 같이

다음은 첨부하신 4x4 이미지 격자에서 각 셀에 포함된 주요 객체를 인식하여 정리한 한글+영어 표입니다:

복사

머핀 / Muffin	강아지 / Dog	머핀 / Muffin	강아지 / Dog
강아지 / Dog	머핀 / Muffin	강아지 / Dog	머핀 / Muffin
머핀 / Muffin	강아지 / Dog	머핀 / Muffin	강아지 / Dog
강아지 / Dog	머핀들 / Muffins	강아지들 / Dogs	머핀 / Muffin

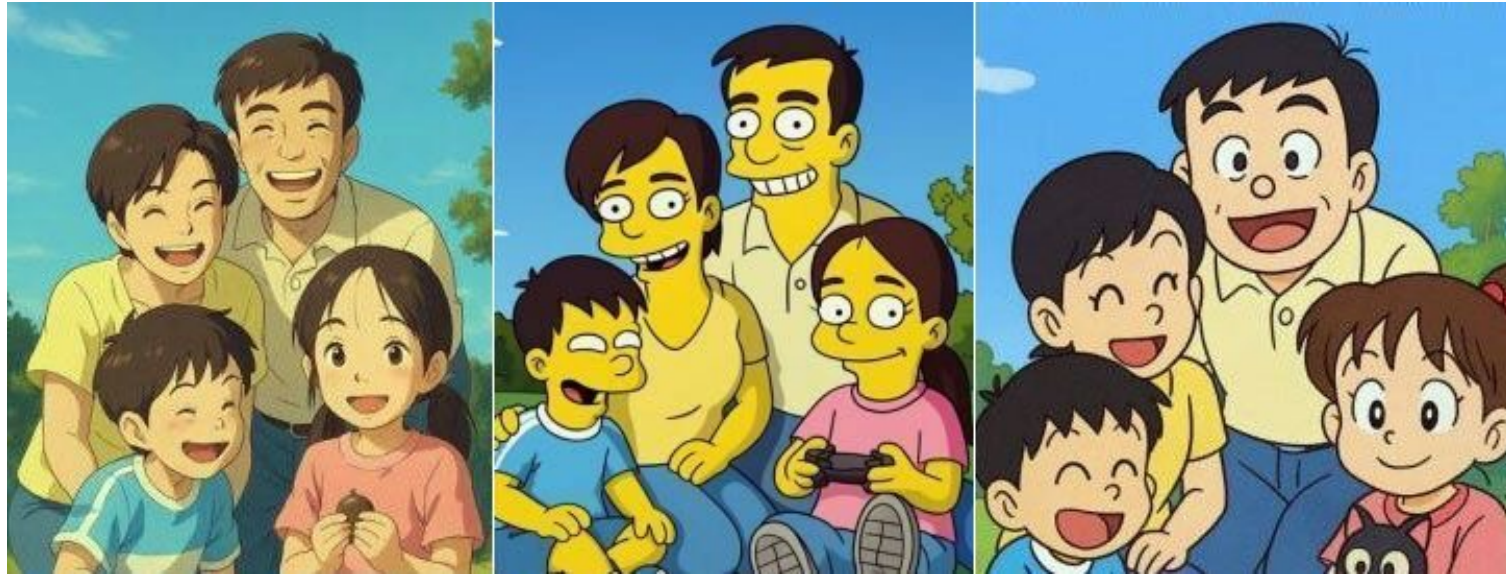


hhhhhhjk_012 21시간 • ❤️ 👤

나 인간인데 이걸 나도 못함

답글 달기

프로젝트 배경

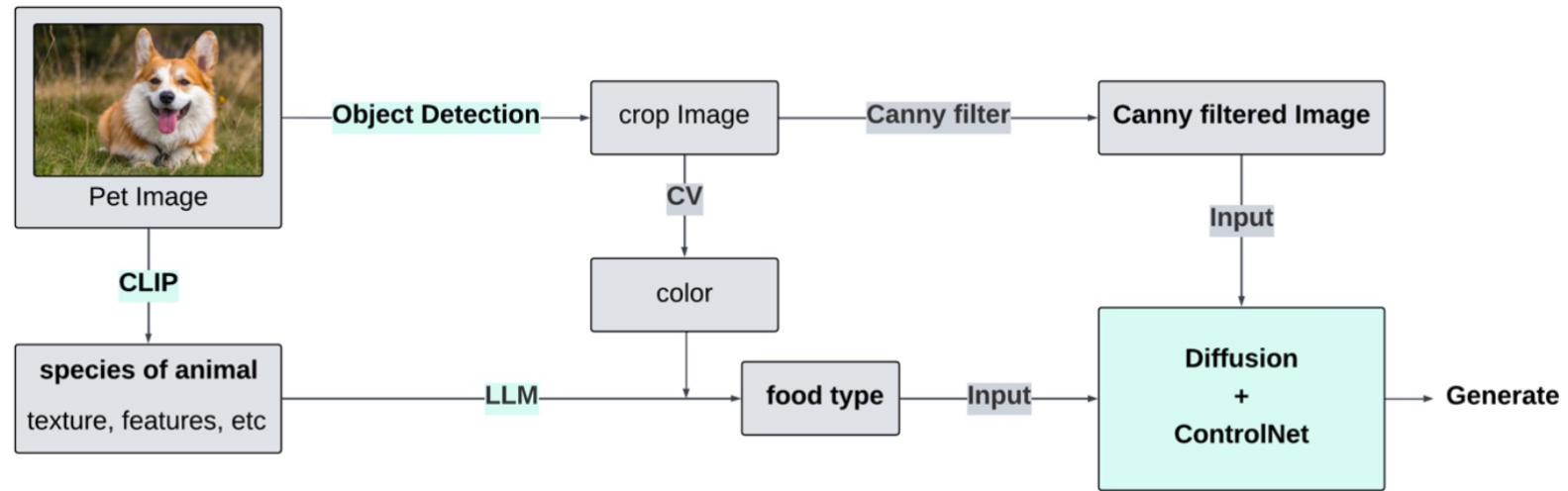


프로젝트

Cake-able diffusion

: Cake, not Fake

Project Pipeline



Object Detection / Crop Image (YOLO)

 **crop** 17.3MB

수정일: 2025년 5월 22일 목요일 오전 11:19

태그 추가...

▽ 일반:

종류: 폴더

크기: 17,315,571바이트(디스크에 18.6MB 있음),
632개의 항목

위치: Macintosh HD ▸ 사용자 ▸ johyowon ▸
데스크탑 ▸ dataset

생성일: 2025년 5월 21일 수요일 오후 7:03

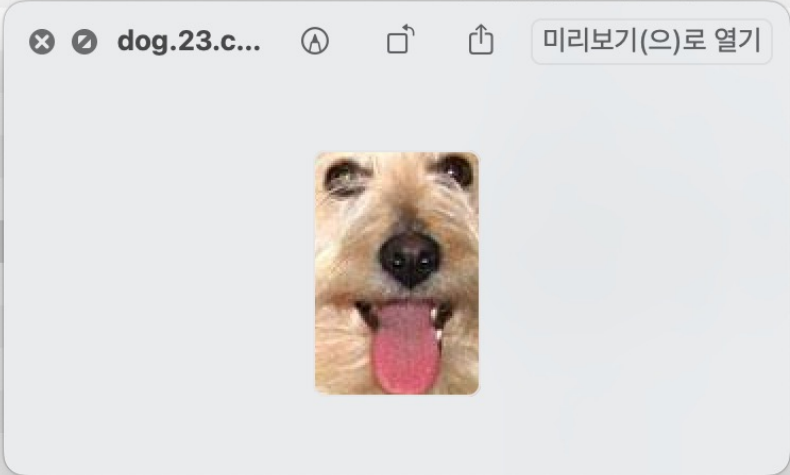
수정일: 2025년 5월 22일 목요일 오전 11:19

Object Detection / Crop Image (YOLO)

crop			
이름	수정일	크기	종류
> cat	2025년 5월 22일 오전 11:18	--	폴더
> dog	2025년 5월 22일 오후 2:54	--	폴더
> hamster	2025년 5월 22일 오후 4:03	--	폴더
> rabbit	2025년 5월 24일 오후 2:00	--	폴더

Object Detection / Crop Image (YOLO)

 dog.1.crop.jpg	2025년 5월 22일 오전 11:26	25KB	JPEG 이미지
 dog.2.crop.jpg	2025년 5월 22일 오전 11:26	9KB	JPEG 이미지
 dog.4.crop.jpg	2025년 5월 22일 오전 11:27	49KB	JPEG 이미지
 dog.8.crop.jpg	2025년 5월 22일 오전 11:27	88KB	JPEG 이미지
 dog.12.crop.jpg		19KB	JPEG 이미지
 dog.14.crop.jpg		28KB	JPEG 이미지
 dog.18.crop.jpg		10KB	JPEG 이미지
 dog.20.crop.jpg		15KB	JPEG 이미지
 dog.21.crop.jpg		43KB	JPEG 이미지
 dog.23.crop.jpg		32KB	JPEG 이미지
 dog.27.crop.jpg		15KB	JPEG 이미지
 dog.29.crop.jpg		11KB	JPEG 이미지
 dog.30.crop.jpg		83KB	JPEG 이미지
 dog.31.crop.jpg		26KB	JPEG 이미지
 dog.33.crop.jpg		52KB	JPEG 이미지
 dog.34.crop.jpg	2025년 5월 22일 오전 11:33	10KB	JPEG 이미지
 dog.37.crop.jpg	2025년 5월 22일 오전 11:33	14KB	JPEG 이미지



Object Detection / Crop Image (YOLO)

[] # 00. cropset 전처리 과정 (좌표 뽑아서 csv 변환)

```
def make_coordinate(original_image_path, crop_image_path, min_match_count=10):
    original_img = cv2.imread(original_image_path)
    crop_img = cv2.imread(crop_image_path)
    orb = cv2.ORB_create(nfeatures=1000)
    kp1, des1 = orb.detectAndCompute(crop_img, None)
    kp2, des2 = orb.detectAndCompute(original_img, None)

    if des1 is None or des2 is None or len(des1) < min_match_count or len(des2) < min_match_count :
        return None

    bf = cv2.BFMatcher(cv2.NORM_HAMMING, crossCheck=True)
    matches = bf.match(des1, des2)
    matches = sorted(matches, key=lambda x: x.distance)

    if len(matches) > min_match_count:
        src_pts = np.float32([kp1[m.queryIdx].pt for m in matches]).reshape(-1, 1, 2)
        dst_pts = np.float32([kp2[m.trainIdx].pt for m in matches]).reshape(-1, 1, 2)
        M, mask = cv2.findHomography(src_pts, dst_pts, cv2.RANSAC, 5.0)

        if M is None:
            return None

        h, w = crop_img.shape[:2]
        pts = np.float32([[0, 0], [0, h - 1], [w - 1, h - 1], [w - 1, 0]]).reshape(-1, 1, 2)
        dst_corners = cv2.perspectiveTransform(pts, M)
        x_coords = dst_corners[:,0,0]
        y_coords = dst_corners[:,0,1]

        bbox = (int(np.min(x_coords)), int(np.min(y_coords)),
                int(np.max(x_coords)), int(np.max(y_coords)))

    return bbox
```

Object Detection / Crop Image (YOLO)

```
annotations = [] # 이미지 경로, 좌표 4개, 클래스 이름 형태

# for animal in ['dog', 'cat', 'rabbit', 'hamster'] :
for animal in ['dog'] :
    for i in range(len(get_file_names("crop", animal))):
        file_list = get_file_names("crop", animal)
        crop_image_path = Path(f'/content/cropset/crop/{animal}/{file_list[i]}')
        original_image_path = Path(f'/content/cropset/train/{animal}/{file_list[i][:8] + file_list[i][-3:]}')
        try :
            bbox = make_coordinate(original_image_path, crop_image_path)
        except :
            print(crop_image_path)
        if bbox:
            annotations.append({
                "image_path": original_image_path,
                "x_min": bbox[0],
                "y_min": bbox[1],
                "x_max": bbox[2],
                "y_max": bbox[3],
                "class_name": f"{animal}_face"
            })

import csv

with open(output_annotations_file, 'w', newline='') as f:
    writer = csv.writer(f)
    writer.writerow(["image_path", "x_min", "y_min", "x_max", "y_max", "class_name"])
    for ann in annotations:
        writer.writerow([ann["image_path"], ann["x_min"], ann["y_min"], ann["x_max"], ann["y_max"], ann["class_name"]])
```

Object Detection / Crop Image (YOLO)

```
results = model.train(
    data='/content/animal_dataset.yaml',
    epochs=500,
    imgsz=1280,
    batch=24,
    name='animal_face_yolov11n_py_run1',
    device=0
)
```

[illegible]

Object Detection / Crop Image (YOLO)

```
yolo_model = YOLO('best.pt')

def image_crop(image_path) :

    results = yolo_model(image_path, conf=0.03)
    boxes = results[0].boxes
    names = yolo_model.names
    image = Image.open(image_path)

    if boxes and boxes.conf.numel() > 0:
        top_idx = torch.argmax(boxes.conf)
        top_box = boxes[top_idx]

        cls_id = int(top_box.cls[0])
        conf = float(top_box.conf[0])
        x1, y1, x2, y2 = map(int, top_box.xyxy[0])

        return image.crop((x1, y1, x2, y2))

    return None
```

Image Description (CLIP)

```
device = "cuda" if torch.cuda.is_available() else "cpu"
clip_model, clip_preprocess = clip.load('ViT-B/32', device=device)

animal_vocabulary = [
    "dog", "cat", "rabbit", "hamster"
]

texture_vocabulary = [
    "fluffy", "furry", "smooth", "silky", "woolly", "shaggy", "sleek", "curly", "soft", "plush",
    "velvety", "bald", "short-haired", "long-haired", "fuzzy", "matted", "bristly", "puffy", "glossy", "patchy",
    "damp", "hairless", "downy", "dense-coated", "fine-haired", "frizzy", "straight-haired", "wavy", "coarse", "tufted",
    "scruffy", "greasy", "soaked", "clumpy", "velvety-coated", "semi-long-haired", "floppy-coated", "clean-coated", "spotty", "blotchy",
    "shiny", "messy", "wispy", "unkempt", "even-coated", "double-coated", "thin-coated", "thick-coated", "baby-furred", "powder-soft"
]

feature_vocabulary = [
    "tiny", "chubby", "round", "pointy", "droopy", "bright-eyed", "snub-nosed", "button-nosed",
    "stubby", "floppy-eared", "perky-eared", "tail-wagging", "bushy-tailed", "alert", "lazy-looking", "wrinkled",
    "freckled", "big-headed", "mini-sized", "wide-eyed", "long-legged", "short-legged", "pudgy", "nimble", "squat",
    "stocky", "grinning", "toothy", "squishy", "slinky", "chubby-cheeked", "stiff-looking", "dopey-eyed",
    "hunchbacked", "arched", "lanky", "beady-eyed", "double-chinned", "jawless", "clumsy", "gap-toothed", "bug-eyed", "pigeon-toed"
]

animal_inputs = clip.tokenize(animal_vocabulary).to(device)
texture_inputs = clip.tokenize(texture_vocabulary).to(device)
feature_inputs = clip.tokenize(feature_vocabulary).to(device)
```

Image Description (CLIP)

```
def image_to_vocab(image_path, top_n : int = 5):
    image = clip_preprocess(Image.open(image_path)).unsqueeze(0).to(device)

    with torch.no_grad():
        image_features = clip_model.encode_image(image)
        animal_features = clip_model.encode_text(animal_inputs)
        texture_features = clip_model.encode_text(texture_inputs)
        feature_features = clip_model.encode_text(feature_inputs)

    image_features /= image_features.norm(dim=-1, keepdim=True)
    animal_features /= animal_features.norm(dim=-1, keepdim=True)
    animal_similarity = (image_features @ animal_features.T).squeeze(0)

    texture_features /= texture_features.norm(dim=-1, keepdim=True)
    texture_similarity = (image_features @ texture_features.T).squeeze(0)

    feature_features /= feature_features.norm(dim=-1, keepdim=True)
    feature_similarity = (image_features @ feature_features.T).squeeze(0)

    animal_threshold = max(mean([float(i) for i in list(animal_similarity)]), 0.2)
    animal_similarity = [0 if value < animal_threshold else value.item() for value in animal_similarity]
    animal_indexes = sorted(range(len(animal_similarity)), key=lambda i: animal_similarity[i], reverse=True)[:1]

    texture_threshold = max(mean([float(i) for i in list(texture_similarity)]), 0.2)
    texture_similarity = [0 if value < texture_threshold else value.item() for value in texture_similarity]
    texture_indexes = sorted(range(len(texture_similarity)), key=lambda i: texture_similarity[i], reverse=True)[:top_n]

    feature_threshold = max(mean([float(i) for i in list(feature_similarity)]), 0.2)
    feature_similarity = [0 if value < feature_threshold else value.item() for value in feature_similarity]
    feature_indexes = sorted(range(len(feature_similarity)), key=lambda i: feature_similarity[i], reverse=True)[:top_n]

    if(mean([float(i) for i in list(animal_similarity)]) == 0.0) : return None, [None], [None]

    return animal_vocabulary[animal_indexes[0]], [texture_vocabulary[i] for i in texture_indexes], [feature_vocabulary[i] for i in feature_indexes]
```

Image Color (CV2 + KMeans)

```
def rgb_to_hex(rgb): return '%02x%02x%02x' % rgb

def get_image_color(image_path) :
    kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=3, n_init='auto')
    kmeans.fit(cv2.resize(cv2.cvtColor(cv2.imread(image_path), cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB), (64, 64)).reshape((-1, 3)))
    unique, counts = np.unique(kmeans.labels_, return_counts=True)
    return rgb_to_hex(tuple(kmeans.cluster_centers_[unique[np.argmax(counts)]]).astype(int))
```

Making ideas (GPT Assistants API)

```
assistant = client.beta.assistants.retrieve("asst_")

class SimpleHandler(AssistantEventHandler):
    @override
    def on_text_delta(self, delta, snapshot):
        pass

def get_dessert_list(animal_label, texture_labels, feature_labels, dom_hex, image_path) :
    image_file = client.files.create(file=open(image_path, "rb"), purpose="assistants")

    user_prompt = f"""
    Suggest 10 dessert names that visually or conceptually resemble the following animal traits.

    Animal: {animal_label}
    Textures: {' ', '.join(texture_labels)}
    Features: {' ', '.join(feature_labels)}
    Dominant Color: {dom_hex}

    Respond ONLY in JSON list like:
    [{"dessert_name1", "dessert_name2", ..., "dessert_name10"}
    """

    thread = client.beta.threads.create()
    client.beta.threads.messages.create(
        thread_id=thread.id,
        role="user",
        content=[
            {
                "type": "text",
                "text": user_prompt
            },
            {
                "type": "image_file",
                "image_file": {
                    "file_id": image_file.id
                }
            }
        ]
    )

    with client.beta.threads.runs.stream(
        thread_id=thread.id,
        assistant_id=assistant.id,
        instructions="Respond with only the dessert name as JSON. No explanation or extra formatting.",
        event_handler=SimpleHandler(),
    ) as stream:
        stream.until_done()

    thread_messages = client.beta.threads.messages.list(thread_id=thread.id)

    content_blocks = thread_messages.data[0].content
    for block in content_blocks:
        if block.type == "text":
            text = block.text.value
            break

    return json.loads(text)
```

Image Generation (cv2 + Stable Diffusion + ControlNet)

```
class SD3CannyImageProcessor(VaeImageProcessor):
    def __init__(self):
        super().__init__(do_normalize=False)
    def preprocess(self, image, **kwargs):
        image = super().preprocess(image, **kwargs)
        image = image * 255 * 0.5 + 0.5
        return image
    def postprocess(self, image, do_denormalize=True, **kwargs):
        do_denormalize = [True] * image.shape[0]
        image = super().postprocess(image, **kwargs, do_denormalize=do_denormalize)
        return image

def make_canny_image(image):
    image_np = np.array(image)
    if image_np.ndim == 3 and image_np.shape[2] == 3:
        gray = cv2.cvtColor(image_np, cv2.COLOR_RGB2GRAY)
    else:
        gray = image_np
    edges = cv2.Canny(gray, 200, 400)
    edge_image = Image.fromarray(edges, mode='L')
    return edge_image.convert("RGB")

imgProcessor = SD3CannyImageProcessor()
controlnet = ControlNetModel.from_pretrained("diffusers/controlnet-canny-sdxl-1.0", torch_dtype=torch.float16)
vae = AutoencoderKL.from_pretrained("madebyollin/sdxl-vae-fp16-fix", torch_dtype=torch.float16)
pipe = StableDiffusionXLControlNetPipeline.from_pretrained("stabilityai/stable-diffusion-xl-base-1.0", controlnet=controlnet, vae=vae, torch_dtype=torch.float16)
pipe = pipe.to('cuda')
pipe.image_processor = imgProcessor
```

Deploy (Gradio)

```
import gradio as gr

def main_function(image_path : str):
    animal_label, texture_labels, feature_labels = image_to_vocab(image_path)
    dessert_list = get_dessert_list(animal_label, texture_labels, feature_labels, get_image_color(image_path), image_path)
    return pipe(dessert_list[0], image = make_canny_image(image_crop(image_path)), num_inference_steps=60, controlnet_conditioning_scale=0.8, guidance_scale=7.5).images[0]

iface = gr.Interface(fn=main_function, inputs=gr.Image(type="filepath"), outputs=gr.Image(type="numpy"))
iface.launch(debug=True, share=True)
```

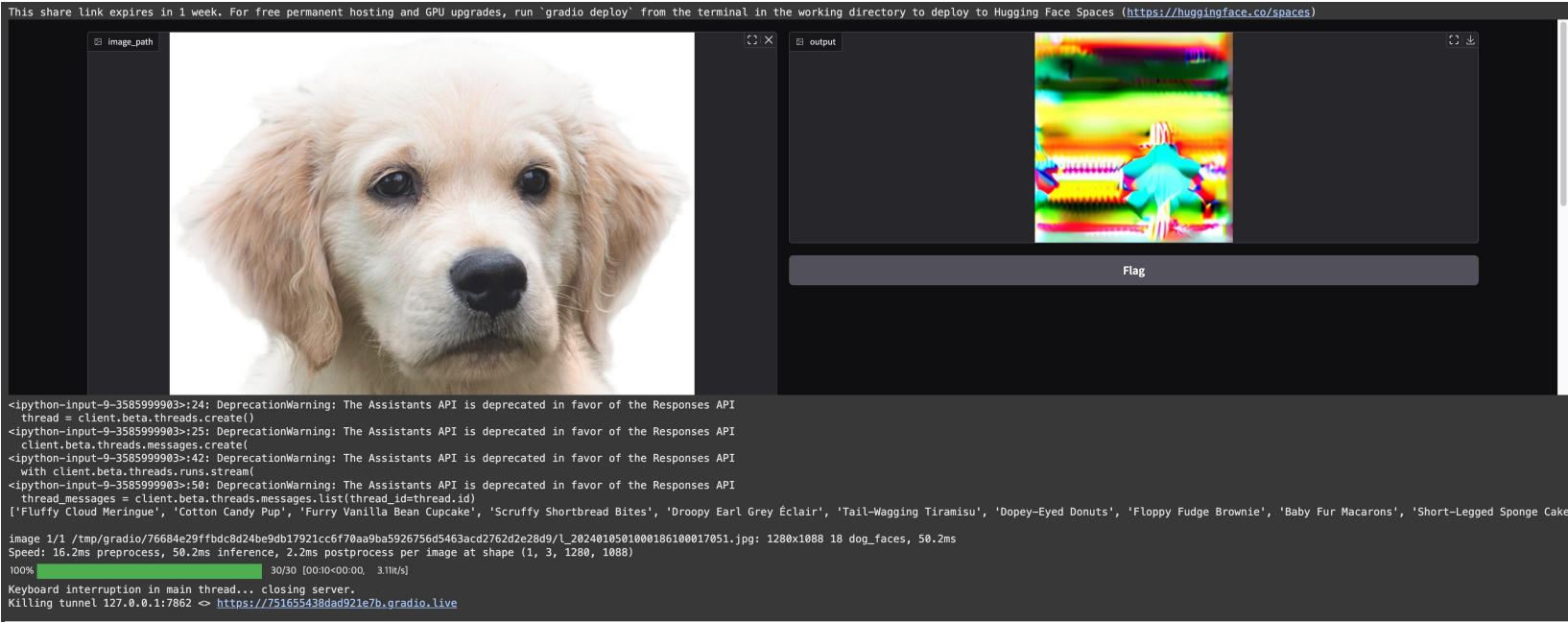
프로젝트 중 겪은 문제점

Cropped Image와 원본 Image의 크기 문제

프로젝트 중 겪은 문제점

이미지 생성 오류

프로젝트 중 겪은 문제점



생성 결과물



생성 결과물



생성 결과물



생성 결과물



생성 결과물



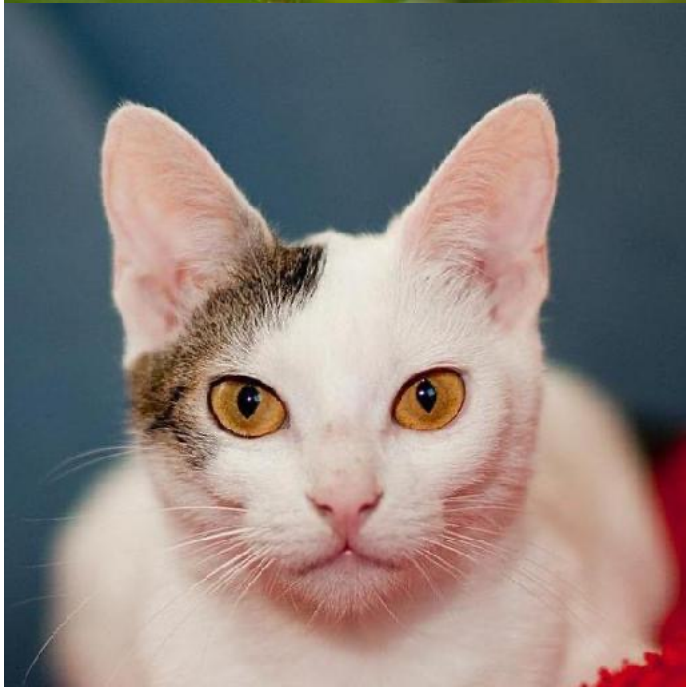
생성 결과물



생성 결과물



생성 결과물



기대 효과

나의 귀여운 반려동물을 맛있게 자랑해보세요!

기대 효과

멋있게
나의 귀여운 반려동물을 멋있게 자랑해보세요!

감사합니다.